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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/815,378	04/01/2004	Andrej Astachow	071308.0536	8247	
31625	7590 07/14/2006		EXAM	INER	
BAKER BOTTS L.L.P.			HOGAN, JAMES SEAN		
PATENT DEPARTMENT 98 SAN JACINTO BLVD., SUITE 1500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
AUSTIN, TX	X 78701-4039		3752		
			DATE MAILED: 07/14/2006	DATE MAILED: 07/14/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/815,378	ASTACHOW ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	James S. Hogan	3752			
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	1 the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING C - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, 136(a). In no event, however, may a replaced will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTE, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. bly be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 /	<u>May 2006</u> .	•			
· <u> </u>	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 2-4,6-13,15-17,19 and 20 is/are pend 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 2-4,6-13,15-17,19 and 20 is/are rejection is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.	,			
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on 22 September 2005 is Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ e drawing(s) be held in abeyanc ction is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/	mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed May 23, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The arguments that the recesses of Lambert et al are not adapted to compensate for asymmetric flow are not commensurate to the claim language presented. The language of claim 11, as presented previously, is broad enough to encompass the recesses that are presented by Lambert et al as the recesses are indeed symmetrical to the axis of the valve needle, but are not symmetrical to each other. Thus, the conclusion is that an asymmetrical flow condition would be equalized by the recesses of Lambert et al as per line 7 of page 8 of the instant application.

Furthermore, the language of the newly amended claim 11 remains broad enough to read that each individual groove-shaped recess is, itself, adapted to compensate for asymmetrical flow conditions, thereby implying an encompassing argument that of any or all recess meet this limitation.

Claim Objections

Claims 2-4, 6-10 12 and 13 are objected to because of the following informalities: The claims in their present form depend from a now-cancelled claim 5. The Examiner has concluded that the Applicant intended the claims to depend from a now-amended claim 11, and will be examined as though this intention was acted upon properly. Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 2, 6-10, 12, 15, 16, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,467,702 to Lambert et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,055,957 to Hasegawa et al. and further in view of U.S Patent No. 5,127,584 to Sczomak.

Regarding claims 11, 16 and 20, Lambert et al. ('702) discloses a fuel injection valve having a valve body, itself having a tip (12). The tip contains injection orifices (15, 21) and a valve needle (generally 12). The seat (12b) at the tip of the valve needle has groove shaped recesses (54, 52, Figure 4) in the tip. As explained above, the recesses of Lambert et al are adapted to compensate for asymmetrical flow conditions. Lambert et al. ('702) does not teach the recesses being at the absolute cone of the valve needle. Hasegawa et al. ('957) shows, in figure 4-a, a three-piece injection needle, in disassembled form, where the cone (7) has groove shaped recesses in the cone of the valve needle. Further, Lambert et al. ('702) does not teach the valve needle having a guide for reducing rotational movements. Sczomak ('584) teaches a fuel injector with a slot and key guide (as per claim 6) in the form of a feather key (68) that engages in a needle guide (46) of the valve needle in a guide groove (64) (as per claim 7) in a hollow cylindrical surface in the valve body to prevent rotation (see Abstract). As per claim 8, the guide groove of Sczomak ('584) runs longitudinally. As per claims 2, 15 and 19 each recess of Lambert et al. ('702) corresponds at least to a diameter of an injection

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orifice. As per claim 9, each of the recesses of Lambert et al. ('702) features an arched contour. As per claim 10, each recess of Lambert et al. ('702) appears to have a curvilinear and presumably semi-circular cross-section. As per claim 12, shown in Figure 10, Lambert teaches an embodiment that features a set of recesses (14) with a triangular cross-section. Therefore one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have modified the recessed valve needle of Lambert et al. ('702) with the recesses groove valve needle cone of Hasegawa et al. ('957) in order to provide a conical seat in a fuel injection valve. Summarily, It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have modify the injector of Lambert et al. ('702) with the slot and key guide of Sczomak ('584) in order to minimize rotation of a valve member in the injection device to reduce leaks, and to preserve the alignment of other components.

Claims 3, 4, 13, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,467,702 to Lambert et al. in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,055,957 to Hasegawa et al. and U.S Patent No. 5,127,584 to Sczomak, and even further in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,811,105 to Kato et al.

Lambert et al. ('702), as modified by Hasegawa et al. ('957) and Sczomak ('584) above do not show the bottom edge of a stepped-contour recess on a valve needle lying at approximately the same height as the bottom of each orifice. Kato et al, in Figure 5, shows an embodiment with a recess having a stepped contour (as per claim 3), whose bottom edge of which lies at the approximate bottom of an orifice (23), as per claims 13 and 17. As per claim 4, each recess of Lambert et al. ('702) appears to have

a curvilinear and presumably semi-circular cross-section. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the fuel, injector of Lambert et al ('702) as modified by Hasegawa et al. ('957) and Sczomak ('584) with the recess-alignment of Kato et al. ('105) in order to alleviate leaks and pooling in the bottom of a valve body in a fuel injection device.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James S. Hogan whose telephone number is (571) 272-4902. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7:00a-4:00p EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Scherbel can be reached on (571) 272-4919. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JSH 6/27/2006

Supervisory Patent Examiner
Group 3700